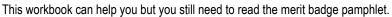


Merit Badge Workbook



The work space provided for each requirement should be used by the Scout to make notes for discussing the item with his counselor, not for providing the full and complete answers. Each Scout must do each requirement.

No one may add or subtract from the official requirements found in **Boy Scout Requirements** (Pub. 33216 – SKU 619576).

The requirements were last issued or revised in 2014 • This workbook was updated in February 2014.

Scout's Name:	Unit:
Counselor's Name	e: Counselor's Phone No.:
	http://www.USScouts.Org • http://www.MeritBadge.Org
Plea Comments	ise submit errors, omissions, comments or suggestions about this workbooks@USScouts.Org or suggestions for changes to the requirements for the merit badge should be sent to: Merit.Badge@Scouting.Org
*NOTE: This is	s a NEW Merit Badge. The requirements listed below appear in the <u>Mining in Society</u> merit badge pamphlet, and will be added to the 2015 edition of <u>Boy Scout Requirements</u> .
1. Do the fo	•
a. Sele	ect 10 different minerals. For each one, name a product for which the mineral is used.
	Mineral Product for which the mineral is used
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
6.	
7.	
8.	
9.	
10.	
b. Expl	lain the role mining has in production and processing things that are grown.

	what you	learned with your cour Mineral		tries where the mineral can l	ho found
	4	wineral	Coun	thes where the milieral can i	De Iouna
	1.				
	2.				
	3.				
	4.				
	5.				
	6.				
	7.				
	8.				
	9.				
	10.				
	Discuss w	hat you learned with y	our counselor.		
☐ 2.	Ohtain a man	of vour state or region	showing major cities, highw	vave rivers and railroads	
		ions of five different m		rays, rivers, and ramodus.	
			-	fy the mine as a surface or u	inderground operation.
		Location	What resourc	e is processed	Surface or Underground?
	1.				
	2.				
	3.				
	4.				
	5.				

c. From the list of minerals you chose for 1a, determine the countries where those minerals can be found, and discuss

Scout's Name:

Mining in Society

g in Society	Scout's Name:
Discuss with yo	our counselor how the resources mined at these locations are used.
1.	
2.	
3.	
4.	
5.	
Discuss with yo	our counselor the potential hazards a miner may encounter at an active mine and the protective measure
used by miners	

In your discussion, explain how:

a. The miner's personal protective equipment is worn and used, including a hard hat, safety glasses, earplugs, dust mask or respirator, self-rescue device, and high-visibility vest.

mask or respir	ator, self-rescue device, and high-visibility vest.
Hard hat	
Safety	
glasses	
Earplugs	
Dust mask	
or respirator	
Self-rescue	
device	
High-	
visibility vest	
Miners protect	their hands and feet from impact, pinch, vibration, slipping, and tripping/falling hazards.
Impact	

=		-
Impact hazards		
Pinch hazards		
Vibration		
hazards		
Slipping hazards		
hazards		

Tripping/falling	
hazards	
Monitoring equip	oment warns miners of imminent danger, and how robots are used in mine rescues.
and how robots	are used in mine rescues.
uss with your co	unselor the dangers someone might encounter at an abandoned mine.
ıde information a	bout the "Stay out—Stay Alive" program.

4.

Scout's Name: _____

Type o	f Mine	Location	Date of Virtual
1.			
2.			
	and differences between the nent used, and the minerals	m regarding resource explorat produced.	ion, mine planning and
	Similarities		Differences
Resource			
exploration			
Mine planning planning and			
permitting			
Types of			
equipment used			
useu			
Minerals			
produced			
Discuss with your counsel	or what you learned from yo	ur Internet-based mine tours.	

5.

Scout's Name:

Mining in Sc	ociety		Scout's Name:
	With your parent's	s permission and counselor's approval, visit a minir	ng or minerals exhibit at a museum.
	Museum	Exhibit	Date
	Find out about the	history of the museum's exhibit and the type of m	nining it represents.
	Type of mining it	represents	
		les of how mineral resources have influenced histo	ory.
	1.		
	2.		
	3.		
☐ c.	With your parent's	s permission and counselor's approval, visit an acti	ive mine.*
Ш -	Mine Visited:	T	Date:
		e tasks required to explore, plan, permit, mine, and	
	Explore		
	Plan		
	Permit		
	1 Gillin		
	Mine	_	
	IVIIIIE		
	Dragos		
	Process the		
	roccuroo		
	resource		

	Share photos, brochures, and what you have learned with your counselor.			
	*Visiting a mine site, a mining equipment manufacturer, or an equipment supplier requires advance planning. These sites can be potentially dangerous. You will need permission from your parents and counselor, and the manager of the mine site, or equipment manufacturer or supplier. While there, you will be required to follow closely the site manager's instructions and comply with all safety rules and procedures, including wearing appropriate clothing, footwear, and personal safety equipment.			
□ d.	With your parent's permission and counselor's approval, visit a mining equipment manufacturer or supplier.*			
	Place Visited: Date:			
	Discuss the types of equipment produced or supplied there, and in what part of the mining process this equipment is used.			
	Types of equipment produced or supplied:			
	In what part of the mining process is this equipment used.:			
	Take photographs if allowed, and request brochures from your visit.			
	Share photos, brochures, and what you have learned with your counselor.			

Scout's Name:

Mining in S	ociety	Scout's Name:
e.	Discuss with your extract a mineral.	counselor two methods used to reduce rock in size, one of which uses a chemical process to
	1.	
	2.	
	Explain the differe	nce between smelting and refining.
f	Learn about the hi techniques and pr	istory of a local mine, including what is or was mined there, how the deposit was found, the mining ocesses used, and how the mined resource is or was used.
	What is or was mined there	
	minou troro	
	How was the deposit found	
	deposit found	
	Techniques and	
	processes used	
	How the mined	
	resource is or was used	
	พนร นรธน	

lining in Sc	ociety	Scout's Name:
	Find out from a historian, community	leader, or business person how mining has affected your community.
	Note any social cultural or conomi	ic consequences of mining in your area.
	Note any social, cultural, or economic	Consequences of mining in your area.
	Share what you have learned with yo	our counselor.
0 5		
	the following:	
a.	Choose a modern mining site Find out what is being done to help of	
	Tind out what is being done to help t	2011 O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O
	Share what you have learned about	mining and sustainability.
L-	Empleio po de postico de itilia con din p	
b.	Explain reclamation as it is used in m	nining and how mine reclamation pertains to Scouting's no-trace principles.

C.	Discuss with your counselor what values society has abou after mining has ended.	t returning the land to the benefit of wildlife and people
	Discuss the transformation of the BSA Summit Bechtel Fa	mily National Scout Posonyo from a mino cito to its curren
	role.	This National Scout Reserve Horr a Time Site to its curren
7. Do	one of the following:	
☐ a.	Explore the anticipated benefits of interplanetary mining. L extract, and process minerals in outer space, and the prim Earth asteroids. Find out how exploration and mineral proc what you have learned with your counselor, and discuss the analyzing surface or near-surface samples in outer space.	ary reasons for mining the moon, other planets, or near- ressing in space differ from exploration on Earth. Share be difficulties encountered in exploring, collecting, and
	Identify three minerals found dissolved in seawater or four ocean is mined today.	d on the ocean floor, and list three places where the
	Minerals found dissolved in seawater or found on the ocean floor	Places where the ocean is mined today
	1.	
	2.	
	3.	

Scout's Name:

	·	rise from mining the oceans. Discuss what you learn with your counselor.
<u></u>		
Learn	what metals and minerals a	re recycled after their original use has ended.
List for	ur motels and two nonmetals	a and find out how each can be required
List fou		s, and find out how each can be recycled.
	ur metals and two nonmetal Metals:	s, and find out how each can be recycled. How can it be recycled?
1.		
1 2		
1 2 3		
1 2		
1 2 3	Metals:	How can it be recycled?
1.	Metals:	How can it be recycled?
1	Metals: Nonmetals	How can it be recycled? How can it be recycled?
1	Metals: Nonmetals	How can it be recycled?
1	Metals: Nonmetals	How can it be recycled? How can it be recycled?
1	Metals: Nonmetals	How can it be recycled? How can it be recycled?
1	Metals: Nonmetals	How can it be recycled? How can it be recycled?
1	Metals: Nonmetals	How can it be recycled? How can it be recycled?

Scout's Name: ___

Mining in Society

Mining in Soci	ety		Scout's I	Name:
- 1	Discuss what you learn	with your counselor.		
			d other resources to determin al, and find out the five-year p	e the current price of gold, copper, price trend for two of these.
	Commodity	Current Price	Five-y	ear price trend
	Gold			
	☐ Copper			
	Aluminum			
	☐ Cement			
	Coal			
	Report your findings to	your counselor.		
_				
_				
	ne of the following:	ocupsolor's approval moot	with a worker in the mining ir	aductry
a. \	Worker:	couriseiors approvar, meer	with a worker in the mining in	Date:
,		ment and technology uses	d in this individual's position of	
1	Ask to see reports, draw	vings, and/or maps made folioidual's position. Ask how		and learn about a current project. the educational and professional began. Discuss with your
-				
-				
_				
-				
_				
-				

Mining in So	ociety	Scout's Name:
☐ b.		out three career opportunities in the mining industry.
	1.	
	2.	
	3.	
	Pick one an	d find out the education, training, and experience required for this profession.
	Career	
	Education	
	Training	
	Experience	
	Discuss this	s with your counselor, and explain why this profession might interest you.
c.		arent's permission and counselor's approval, visit a career academy or community college to learn abo and training requirements for a position in the mining industry that interests you.
	Location vi	
		nat interests you:
		y this position is critical to the mining industry, and discuss what you learned with your counselor.

Requirement resources can be found here:

http://www.meritbadge.org/wiki/index.php/Mining in Society#Requirement resources

Important excerpts from the Guide To Advancement - 2013, No. 33088 (SKU-618673)

[1.0.0.0] — Introduction

The current edition of the *Guide to Advancement* is the official source for administering advancement in all Boy Scouts of America programs: Cub Scouting, Boy Scouting, Varsity Scouting, Venturing, and Sea Scouts. It replaces any previous BSA advancement manuals, including *Advancement Committee Policies and Procedures*, *Advancement and Recognition Policies and Procedures*, and previous editions of the *Guide to Advancement*.

[Page 2, and 5.0.1.4] — Policy on Unauthorized Changes to Advancement Program

No council, committee, district, unit, or individual has the authority to add to, or subtract from, advancement requirements. There are limited exceptions relating only to youth members with special needs. For details see section 10, "Advancement for Members With Special Needs".

[Page 2] — The "Guide to Safe Scouting" Applies

Policies and procedures outlined in the *Guide to Safe Scouting*, No. 34416, apply to all BSA activities, including those related to advancement and Eagle Scout service projects.

[7.0.3.1] — The Buddy System and Certifying Completion

A youth member must not meet one-on-one with an adult. Sessions with counselors must take place where others can view the interaction, or the Scout must have a buddy: a friend, parent, guardian, brother, sister, or other relative—or better yet, another Scout working on the same badge—along with him attending the session.

When the Scout meets with the counselor, he should bring any required projects. If these cannot be transported, he should present evidence, such as photographs or adult verification. His unit leader, for example, might state that a satisfactory bridge or tower has been built for the Pioneering merit badge, or that meals were prepared for Cooking. If there are questions that requirements were met, a counselor may confirm with adults involved. Once satisfied, the counselor signs the blue card using the date upon which the Scout completed the requirements, or in the case of partials, initials the individual requirements passed.

Note that from time to time, it may be appropriate for a requirement that has been met for one badge to also count for another. See "Fulfilling More Than One Requirement With a Single Activity," 4.2.3.6.

[7.0.3.2] — Group Instruction

It is acceptable—and sometimes desirable—for merit badges to be taught in group settings. This often occurs at camp and merit badge midways or similar events. Interactive group discussions can support learning. The method can also be attractive to "guest experts" assisting registered and approved counselors. Slide shows, skits, demonstrations, panels, and various other techniques can also be employed, but as any teacher can attest, not everyone will learn all the material.

There must be attention to each individual's projects and his fulfillment of *all* requirements. We must know that every Scout —actually and *personally*— completed them. If, for example, a requirement uses words like "show," "demonstrate," or "discuss," then every Scout must do that. It is unacceptable to award badges on the basis of sitting in classrooms *watching* demonstrations, or remaining silent during discussions. It is sometimes reported that Scouts who have received merit badges through group instructional settings have not fulfilled all the requirements. To offer a quality merit badge program, council and district advancement committees should ensure the following are in place for all group instructional events.

- Merit badge counselors are known to be registered and approved.
- Any guest experts or guest speakers, or others assisting who are not registered and approved as merit badge counselors, do not accept the
 responsibilities of, or behave as, merit badge counselors, either at a group instructional event or at any other time. Their service is temporary, not
 ongoing.
- Counselors agree not to assume prerequisites have been completed without some level of evidence that the work has been done. Pictures and
 letters from other merit badge counselors or unit leaders are the best form of prerequisite documentation when the actual work done cannot be
 brought to the camp or site of the merit badge event.
- There is a mechanism for unit leaders or others to report concerns to a council advancement committee on summer camp merit badge programs, group instructional events, and any other merit badge counseling issues—especially in instances where it is believed BSA procedures are not followed. See "Reporting Merit Badge Counseling Concerns," 11.1.0.0.
- There must be attention to each individual's projects and his fulfillment of all requirements. We must know that every Scout—actually and personally—completed them.

[7.0.3.3] — Partial Completions

A Scout need not pass all the requirements of one merit badge with the same counselor. It may be that due to timing or location issues, etc., he must meet with a different counselor to finish the badge. The Application for Merit Badge has a place to record what has been finished—a "partial." In the center section on the reverse of the blue card, the counselor initials for each requirement passed. In the case of a partial completion, the counselor does not retain his or her portion of the card. A subsequent counselor may choose not to accept partial work, but this should be rare. A Scout, if he believes he is being treated unfairly, may work with his unit leader to find another counselor. An example for the use of a signed partial would be to take it to camp as proof of prerequisites. Partials have no expiration except the Scout's 18th birthday. Units, districts, or councils shall not establish other expiration dates for partial merit badges.

[7.0.4.8] — Unofficial Worksheets and Learning Aids

Worksheets and other materials that may be of assistance in earning merit badges are available from a variety of places including unofficial sources on the Internet and even troop libraries. Use of these aids is permissible as long as the materials can be correlated with the current requirements that Scouts must fulfill. Completing "worksheets" may suffice where a requirement calls for something in writing, but this would not work for a requirement where the Scout must discuss, tell, show, or demonstrate, etc. Note that Scouts shall not be required to use these learning aids in order to complete a merit badge.